

**Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas  
Income Limited  
Partnership**

Financial Statements  
**December 31, 2014 and 2013**  
(expressed in Canadian dollars)



April 30, 2015

## **Independent Auditor's Report**

### **To the Partners of Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership, which comprise the statements of financial position as at December 31, 2014 and 2013 and the statements of comprehensive loss and deficit and cash flows for year ended December 31, 2014 and the period from October 23, 2013 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2013, and the related notes, which comprise a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### **Management's responsibility for the financial statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### **Auditor's responsibility**

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained in our audits is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

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**Opinion**

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership as at December 31, 2014 and 2013 and its financial performance and its cash flows for the year ended December 31, 2014 and the period from October 23, 2013 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2013 in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards.

*PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP*

**Chartered Accountants**

# Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership

## Statements of Financial Position

As at December 31, 2014 and 2013

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	2014 \$	2013 \$
<b>Assets</b>		
<b>Current assets</b>		
Cash and cash equivalents	42,760	215,626
Short-term investments	2,502,565	11,791,613
Trade and other receivables	182,300	17,001
Due from General Partner (note 10)	-	72,148
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	2,727,625	12,096,388
<b>Royalty interests</b> (note 6)	5,188,094	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total assets	7,915,719	12,096,388
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<b>Liabilities and Equity</b>		
<b>Current liabilities</b>		
Trade and other payables	61,708	193,279
Due to related party (note 10)	-	13,854
Due to General Partner (note 10)	9,609	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	71,317	207,133
<b>Amount attributable to Limited Partners</b> (notes 1 and 7)	7,657,948	11,889,245
<b>Amount attributable to General Partner</b> (notes 1 and 7)	403,060	10
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total liabilities	8,132,325	12,096,388
<b>Equity</b> (deficit)	(216,606)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total liabilities and equity	7,915,719	12,096,388
	<hr/>	<hr/>

Approved by the Board of Directors of the General Partner

\_\_\_\_\_  
(signed) Hugh Cartwright Director

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(signed) Shane Doyle Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership

## Statements of Comprehensive Loss and Deficit

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Year ended December 31, 2014 \$	Period from October 23, 2013 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2013 \$
<b>Revenue</b>		
Royalty	389,134	-
Miscellaneous	20,000	-
Interest	80,974	16,613
	<u>490,108</u>	<u>16,613</u>
<b>Expenses</b>		
Impairment (note 6)	3,490,474	-
Depletion (note 6)	445,869	-
General and administrative (note 10)	313,389	56,506
General partner's share - increase in amount attributable to General Partner (note 7)	409,205	-
Audit fees	36,070	26,250
Geological and engineering	111,884	20,313
Filing fees	5,547	5,000
Legal fees	3,970	4,319
Registrar and transfer agent	4,663	1,299
	<u>4,821,071</u>	<u>113,687</u>
<b>Operating loss</b>	(4,330,963)	(97,074)
Finance income - decrease in amount attributable to Limited Partners (note 7)	4,114,357	97,074
<b>Loss and comprehensive loss for the period</b>	(216,606)	-
<b>Deficit - Beginning of period</b>	-	-
<b>Deficit - End of period</b>	<u>(216,606)</u>	<u>-</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership

## Statements of Cash Flows

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Year ended December 31, 2014 \$	Period from October 23, 2013 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2013 \$
<b>Cash flows from operating activities</b>		
Loss for the period	(216,606)	-
Items not affecting cash		
Impairment	3,490,474	-
Depletion	445,869	-
Non-cash change in amount attributable to General Partner	403,050	-
Finance income - decrease in amount attributable to Limited Partners	(4,114,357)	(97,074)
	<u>8,430</u>	<u>(97,074)</u>
Change in non-cash working capital		
Trade and other receivables	(165,299)	(17,001)
Trade and other payables	(131,571)	193,279
Due to related party	(13,854)	13,854
Due from General Partner	72,148	(72,148)
Due to General Partner	9,609	-
	<u>(220,537)</u>	<u>20,910</u>
<b>Cash flows from investing activities</b>		
Short-term investments	9,289,048	(11,791,613)
Additions to royal interest	(9,124,437)	-
	<u>164,611</u>	<u>(11,791,613)</u>
<b>Cash flows from financing activities</b>		
General Partner's contribution	-	10
Issue of initial Partnership Unit	-	100
Redemption of Partnership Unit	-	(100)
Proceeds from issue of Partnership Units	-	12,993,300
Issue costs	-	(1,006,981)
Distributions	(116,940)	-
	<u>(116,940)</u>	<u>11,986,329</u>
<b>(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents</b>	<u>(172,866)</u>	<u>215,626</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents - Beginning of period</b>	<u>215,626</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Cash and cash equivalents - End of period</b>	<u>42,760</u>	<u>215,626</u>

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014 and 2013

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### 1 General information

Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership (the Partnership) was formed on August 27, 2013, as a limited partnership under the laws of the Province of British Columbia, and commenced operations on October 23, 2013. The Partnership operates in one business segment, the investing in producing long life assets and oil and gas royalties in Western Canada. The General Partner of the Partnership is Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Management Corp. (the General Partner). The address of the registered office is 1200 Waterfront Centre, 200 Burrard St., Vancouver BC V7X 1T2.

#### Business of the Partnership

The business of the Partnership is to invest in producing long life assets and oil and gas royalties with the investment objective of achieving monthly income paid from revenues generated by producing long life assets and the oil and gas royalties, potential capital appreciation, liquidity upon divestiture of assets and a 100% income tax deductible (over time) investment by incurring Canadian oil and gas property expense (COGPE) and/or Canadian development expense (CDE) for Limited Partners.

Under the amended and restated limited partnership agreement between the General Partner and each of the Limited Partners (the LPA) dated October 16, 2013, the Partnership intends to use its commercially reasonable efforts to invest available funds by December 31, 2014. Any available funds that have not been committed by the Partnership for eligible investments by December 31, 2014 will be distributed to the Limited Partners by February 15, 2015 on a pro rata basis. As at December 31, 2014, the Partnership had invested \$9,124,437 (2013 - \$nil). Pursuant to the prospectus, the Partnership is obligated to have all available funds invested or committed by December 31, 2014. As at December 31, 2014, the Partnership had invested \$9.1 million in eligible costs and had committed an additional \$2.55 million thereby fulfilling this commitment.

In order to provide Limited Partners with liquidity, the General Partner intends to implement a Liquidity Event when a sufficient portion of the Partnership's assets have reached a stage of production which, in the opinion of the General Partner, allows them to be fairly valued. The LPA provides that the General Partner intends to implement a Liquidity Event on or before December 31, 2015. The Liquidity Event may involve the sale of the investments to a publicly traded company in exchange for listed securities of that company, the sale of all of the Limited Partnership Units in exchange for listed securities of a publicly listed company and/or cash, the sale of the investments of the Partnership for cash, a Stock Exchange Listing, or where the Liquidity Event results in the Partnership receiving shares of a corporation, implement a Mutual Fund Rollover Transaction.

In the event that a Liquidity Event is not implemented by December 31, 2015, the General Partner will call a meeting of Limited Partners to determine by ordinary resolution whether the Partnership will (a) dispose of the investments and be dissolved on or about December 31, 2016, and distribute its net assets pro rata to the Limited Partners and the General Partner (collectively, the Partners); or (b) continue in operation.

# Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014 and 2013

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

As such, the termination of the Partnership is on the earliest of:

- a) December 31, 2016, unless the Partnership is extended by ordinary resolution;
- b) the date upon which the Partnership disposes of all its assets, and otherwise ceases to carry on an active business; and
- c) a date determined and approved by the General Partner and authorized by an extraordinary resolution unless the Partnership is dissolved on a different date according to the LPA.

### **Distributions**

Under the LPA, 99.99% of net losses of the Partnership will be allocated to the Limited Partners and 0.01% to the General Partner. Until the Limited Partners have received, in total, cumulative distributions equal to 100% of their aggregate capital contributions, they will be allocated 95% of net income of the Partnership and 5% will be allocated to the General Partner. Thereafter, the Limited Partners will be allocated 75% of net income of the Partnership and the General Partner will be allocated 25% (which includes a 20% performance bonus). Upon dissolution, assets will be distributed on the same basis as net income. Net losses and net income are defined in the LPA.

The General Partner's entitlement to net assets of the Partnership represents compensation for management services rendered. The General Partner will (a) be responsible for selecting, negotiating and managing the investments; (b) develop and implement all aspects of the Partnership's communications, marketing and distribution strategies; (c) manage the ongoing business and administrative affairs of the Partnership; and (d) develop and implement the Liquidity Event.

Prior to the Liquidity Event and/or termination of the Partnership, distributions are made to the Partners on a monthly basis (or on such other basis as the General Partner determines). Distributable cash is derived from the Partnership's royalty interests, after deducting expenses of the Partnership, and varies in amount and timing. The Partnership does not have a fixed monthly distribution amount and may also make from time to time such additional distributions as the General Partner may determine to be appropriate.



# Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014 and 2013

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### 2 Basis of preparation

#### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board and adopted by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada.

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors of the General Partner on April 29, 2015.

#### Basis of measurement

These financial statements are stated in Canadian dollars and were prepared on a going concern basis, under the historical cost convention.

#### Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Canadian dollars, which is the Partnership's functional currency.

### 3 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below:

a) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash and deposits with original maturities of three months or less and are held with a Canadian chartered bank.

b) Short-term investments

Short-term investments consist of guaranteed investment certificates with an original maturity of one year and are held with a Canadian chartered bank.

c) Revenue recognition

Royalty revenue is recorded in accordance with the royalty rates as stated in the contract terms when the oil and natural gas is sold, title passes to the customer and collection is reasonably assured. Interest is recorded as earned on an accrual basis.

# Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014 and 2013

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

d) Amounts attributable to Limited Partners and General Partner

The LPA imposes a contractual obligation for the Partnership to deliver a pro rata share of its net assets to the Partners on termination of the Partnership (note 1). As such, these obligations are classified as financial liabilities that are measured initially at fair value and subsequently at amortized cost. Under the amortized cost method, when the Partnership revises its estimates of payments to the Partners, the Partnership adjusts the amounts attributable to Partners to reflect actual and revised estimated cash flows. The Partnership recalculates the carrying amounts by computing the present value of estimated future cash flows.

i) Amount attributable to Limited Partners

The Limited Partners' entitlement to net assets of the Partnership is recognized upon issuance of Limited Partnership Units.

The obligation to the Limited Partners is initially measured based on the cash contributed and subsequently measured based on the allocation set out in the LPA. Adjustments to amount attributable to Limited Partners are accounted for as finance cost or finance income in the statement of comprehensive loss.

Expenses related to the initial offering of the Limited Partnership Units have been accounted for as a reduction of amount attributable to Limited Partners.

ii) Amount attributable to General Partner

The General Partner's entitlement to net assets of the Partnership represents compensation for management services rendered and is recognized when funds of the Partnership are invested.

The General Partner is entitled to (a) a 5% share of all distributions (which include distribution of assets in connection with the dissolution of the Partnership); and (b) a 20% share of all distributions of the Partnership once Limited Partners receive, in total, distributions equal to 100% of their aggregated capital contribution to the Partnership.

The obligation to the General Partner is initially measured at 5% of the value of investments made and subsequently measured based on the allocation set out in the LPA. Adjustments to amount attributable to General Partner are accounted for as general partner's share within operating expenses in the statement of comprehensive loss.

# Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014 and 2013

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

e) Royalty interests

Royalty interests are classified as property, plant and equipment, and are stated at cost, less accumulated amortization and accumulated impairment losses. Costs incurred on developed oil and gas properties such as drilling of development wells and tangible costs of facilities and infrastructure construction, after determining technical feasibility and commercial viability of reserves, are capitalized to royalty interests when it is probable that a future economic benefit will flow to the Partnership as a result of the expenditure and the cost can be reliably measured. The initial cost of an asset comprises its purchase price or construction cost and any costs directly attributable to bringing the asset into operation. Subsequent expenditure is capitalized only where it enhances the economic benefit of the asset.

i) Depletion

Royalty interests are amortized using the unit-of-production method over their reserve lives based on proved plus probable reserve volumes. Reserves and estimated future development costs are determined annually by qualified independent reserve engineers. Changes in factors such as estimates of reserves that affect unit-of-production calculations are dealt with on a prospective basis. Reserves are converted to equivalent units on the basis of relative energy content.

ii) Disposals

Royalty interest assets are de-recognized upon disposal or when no future economic benefits are expected to arise from the continued use of the asset. Any gain or loss on de-recognition of the asset, calculated as the difference between the proceeds on disposal, if any, and the carrying value of the asset, is recognized in profit or loss in the period of de-recognition.

f) Non-derivative financial instruments

Non-derivative financial instruments are recognized when the Partnership becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Financial assets are de-recognized when the rights to receive cash flows from the assets have expired or have been transferred and the Partnership has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Non-derivative financial instruments are recognized at the trade date, initially at fair value plus, for instruments not at fair value through profit or loss, any directly attributable transaction costs.

At initial recognition, all financial instruments are classified in one of the following categories depending on the purpose for which the instruments were acquired:

i) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses, with interest expense recognized on an effective yield basis. Assets in this category include trade and other receivables, short-term investments, due from General Partner and cash and cash equivalents.

# Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014 and 2013

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

ii) Other financial liabilities

Other financial liabilities are initially measured at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method, with interest expense recognized on an effective yield basis. Liabilities in this category include trade and other payables, due to related party, and amounts attributable to Limited Partners and General Partner.

g) Impairment

i) Financial assets

A financial asset is assessed at each reporting date to determine whether there is any objective evidence that it is impaired. Significant financial difficulties of a debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganization, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that a trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the asset is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognized in profit or loss. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for trade receivables.

ii) Non-financial assets

At the end of each reporting period, the Partnership reviews the carrying amounts of its long-lived assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the Partnership estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit (CGU) to which the asset belongs. Where a reasonable and consistent basis of allocation can be identified, corporate assets are also allocated to individual CGUs, or otherwise they are allocated to the smallest group of CGUs for which a reasonable and consistent allocation basis can be identified.

The recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimate of future cash flows is being made. If the recoverable amount of an asset or CGU is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset or CGU is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses for assets with a finite useful life, the carrying amount of the asset or CGU is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognized for the asset or CGU in prior periods. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognized immediately in profit or loss.

# Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014 and 2013

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### h) Taxes

The Partnership is not subject to income taxes. The income or loss for Canadian tax purposes is allocable to the Partners pursuant to the LPA, and is included in the taxable income of the Partners in accordance with the provisions of the *Income Tax Act* (Canada).

## 4 Critical judgments and accounting estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities at the date of the financial statements and reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Estimates and judgments are continuously evaluated and are based on management's experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Actual outcomes can differ from these estimates.

The key sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing material adjustment to the amounts recognized in the financial statements within the next financial year are as follows:

### a) Measurement of amounts attributable to Limited Partners and General Partner

The Partnership adjusts the amounts attributable to Partners to reflect actual and revised cash flows derived from the Partnership's royalty interests. Judgment is involved in making these estimates.

### b) Impairment of non-financial assets

In performing the impairment test of royalty interest, management assesses its interests together with the future expenditures to access reserves, which are utilized in determining the amortization charge for the period and assessing whether any impairment charge is required. By their nature, these estimates of discovered and probable crude oil and natural gas reserves, including the estimates of future prices, costs, related future cash flows and the selection of a post-tax discount rate relevant to the asset in question are subject to measurement uncertainty.

The Partnership uses a report prepared by an independent reserves specialist who periodically assesses the Partnership's level of royalty interests by reference to data sets including geological, geophysical and engineering data together with reports, presentation and financial information pertaining to the contractual and fiscal terms applicable to the Partnership's assets. Significant judgment is involved when determining whether there have been any significant changes in the Partnership's royalty interests. The recoverable amount is sensitive to the discount rate used for the discounted cash flow model as well as the expected future cash inflows and the growth rate used for extrapolation purposes.

# Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014 and 2013

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### 5 New accounting standards

The following is a summary of the new standards and amendments which are relevant to the Partnership:

#### *IFRS 9 - Financial Instruments*

IFRS 9 is a new standard on financial instruments that will replace International Accounting Standards (IAS) 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. The first part of IFRS 9 was issued in November 2009 and addresses classification and measurement of financial assets. IFRS 9 has two measurement categories for financial assets: amortized cost and fair value. All equity instruments are measured at fair value. A debt instrument is at amortized cost only if the entity is holding it to collect contractual cash flows and the cash flows represent principal and interest. Otherwise it is at fair value through profit or loss. IFRS 9 is tentatively effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2018. The Partnership is currently assessing the impact of this standard.

### 6 Royalty interests

	\$
<b>Cost</b>	
Opening balance	-
Royalty acquisitions	9,124,437
	<hr/>
At December 31, 2014	9,124,437
	<hr/>
<b>Accumulated depletion and impairment</b>	
Opening balance	-
Impairment	3,490,474
Depletion	445,869
	<hr/>
Closing balance	3,936,343
	<hr/>
<b>Net book value</b>	
Opening balance	-
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Closing balance	5,188,094
	<hr/>

During the year, the Partnership entered into agreements to acquire royalty interest in 186 producing oil and gas wells located in West Central Alberta in consideration for \$9,124,437.

At December 31, 2014, the Partnership assessed the carrying amount of its royalty interests in oil and gas assets for indicators of impairment such as changes in future prices, future costs and reserves. As a result, the recoverable amounts for the royalty interests in oil and gas assets were reduced by \$3,490,474.

Estimates of recoverable amounts of the royalty interests in oil and gas assets were based on fair value less costs to sell, determined by discounting each asset's estimated future cash flows at an average post-tax discount rate of 10%. A 5% increase (decrease) in the discount rate used would result in an increase (decrease) in the estimated impairment of approximately \$1,021,000 (1,639,000).

# Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014 and 2013

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

The impairment was primarily attributable to the decline in future oil and gas prices that were used in the independent reserve evaluation. The table below summarizes the forecast benchmark prices used by the independence reserve specialist in their reserve report. These prices do not take into account, adjustments for quality and transportation to point of sale.

	Canadian Light Sweet Crude 40° API (\$Cdn/bbl)	Western Canada Select 20.5 API (\$Cdn/bbl)	Alberta AECO-C Spot (\$Cdn/MMBTU)	Edmonton Pentanes Plus (\$Cdn/bbl)	Edmonton Butane (\$Cdn/bbl)	Edmonton Propane (\$Cdn/bbl)
2015	70.35	60.50	3.32	78.60	50.34	34.77
2016	87.36	75.13	3.71	97.60	62.51	43.17
2017	98.28	84.52	3.90	109.80	70.32	48.57
2018	99.75	85.79	4.47	111.44	71.37	49.30
2019	101.25	87.07	5.05	113.12	72.44	50.04
2020	103.85	89.31	5.13	116.02	74.31	51.32
2021	105.40	90.65	5.22	117.76	75.42	52.09
2022	106.99	92.01	5.31	119.53	76.55	52.87
2023	108.59	93.39	5.40	121.32	77.70	53.67
2024	110.22	94.79	5.49	123.14	78.87	54.47
2025	111.87	96.21	5.58	124.99	80.05	55.29

Escalation rate of 1.5% thereafter.

On December 19, 2014, the Partnership entered into a \$2.55 million drilling participation agreement with respect to six vertical oil wells in Northwestern Alberta. The majority of the wells are expected to be drilled in the first quarter of 2015. The LP will receive a 20% gross overriding royalty on all production until receipt of \$2.86 million of revenues, at which time the royalty will revert to 10%. The operator has an 18-month option to buy back the royalty interests at a price of \$3.57 million. This transaction deploys all remaining funds available for investment within the Partnership.

## 7 Amounts attributable to Partners

	Year ended December 31, 2014		
	Limited Partners		General Partner
	Number of units	\$	\$
<b>Beginning of year</b>	129,933	11,889,245	10
(Decrease) increase in amounts attributable during the year		(4,114,357)	409,205
Distributions	-	(116,940)	(6,155)
<b>End of year</b>	129,933	7,657,948	403,060

# Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014 and 2013

(expressed in Canadian dollars)

	Period from October 23, 2013 (commencement of operations) to December 31, 2013		
	Limited Partners		General Partner
	Number of units	\$	\$
<b>Beginning of period</b>	-	-	-
General Partner's contribution	-	-	10
Issue of initial Limited Partnership Unit	1	100	-
Issue of Limited Partnership Units	129,933	12,993,300	-
Issue costs	-	(1,006,981)	-
Redemption of Limited Partnership Unit	(1)	(100)	-
Net increase from capital transactions	129,933	11,986,319	10
Decrease in amounts attributable to Partners during the period	-	(97,074)	-
<b>End of period</b>	129,933	11,889,245	10

The Partnership is authorized to issue a maximum of 300,000 units without stated par value. All Limited Partnership Units are of the same class with equal rights and privileges, including equal participation in any distribution made by the Partnership and the right to one vote at any meeting of the Limited Partners.

## 8 Capital management

The Partnership considers amounts attributable to Partners as the component of capital to be managed. The Partnership's main objective when managing capital is to execute on its investment program to provide a reasonable return for the Partners while ensuring capital protection. The Partnership monitors expenditures as required to ensure capital is successfully deployed. The Partnership's objective is to provide monthly cash distributions and provide potential capital appreciation and tax deductions on 100% of Limited Partners' investments.

## 9 Financial instruments and risk management

The Partnership participates in the drilling, completing and managing of oil and natural gas wells to earn royalties. The Partnership is exposed to a variety of financial risks, including credit risk, liquidity risk and market risk (interest rate risk). The Board of Directors of the General Partner has overall responsibility for identifying the principal risks of the Partnership and ensuring policies and procedures are in place to appropriately manage these risks.



# Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014 and 2013

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### **Fair values**

Fair value represents the price at which a financial instrument could be exchanged in an orderly market, in an arm's length transaction between knowledgeable and willing parties who are under no compulsion to act.

As at December 31, 2014, the carrying value of the Partnership's financial assets and liabilities approximated fair value. The fair value of amounts attributable to Partners for disclosure purposes is categorized within Level 3 of the fair value hierarchy. The fair value hierarchy has the following levels:

Level 1 - Inputs are quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date;

Level 2 - Inputs are inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly; and

Level 3 - Inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability.

### **Credit risk**

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Partnership if an investor or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from cash and cash equivalents, short-term investments, due from General Partner and trade and other receivables. The maximum credit risk exposure is \$2,727,625 (2013 - \$12,096,388). The Partnership believes the credit risk associated with the cash and cash equivalents and short-term investments is limited due to the credit quality of the financial institution where the funds are held.

### **Liquidity risk**

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Partnership will not be able to meet its obligations as they are due. The Partnership prepares an annual budget and updates forecasts for operating, financing and investing activities on an ongoing basis to ensure it will have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due. The Partnership expects to have sufficient cash to fund its obligations as they become due under normal operating conditions.

### **Interest rate risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that the market value of the Partnership's interest-bearing financial instruments will fluctuate due to changes in prevailing interest rates. The fair value of floating rate instruments, assuming all other factors remain constant, is not affected by changes in interest rates. Interest expense, however, is affected by changes in interest rates. The short-term investments in guaranteed investment certificates are not affected by changes in interest rates as the rate of return is guaranteed. The Partnership did not hold any other interest-bearing financial instruments at December 31, 2014.

# Maple Leaf 2013 Oil & Gas Income Limited Partnership

## Notes to Financial Statements

December 31, 2014 and 2013

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(expressed in Canadian dollars)

### 10 Related party transactions

The General Partner is responsible for performing administrative functions on behalf of the Limited Partnership which include accounting, office, personnel and systems. During the year ended December 31, 2014, the General Partner charged the Partnership \$239,726 (2013 - \$49,130) in office service fees and \$17,000 (2013 - \$3,000) in accounting and administration fees.

The General Partner agreed to reimburse the Partnership for issue costs in excess of 7.75% of the gross proceeds of Limited Partnership Units. During 2013, the Partnership incurred \$120,675 of issue costs in excess of 7.75% of gross proceeds from issuance of Limited Partnership Units, this amount has been paid in full.

The amount owed to the General Partner at December 31, 2014 is \$9,609 (2013 - \$nil).

At December 31, 2014 \$nil (2013 - \$13,854) is due to CADO Bancorp Ltd., a company under common control with the General Partner, for reimbursement of costs paid on behalf of the Partnership. Additionally, during the period ended December 31, 2014, the Partnership reimbursed CADO Bancorp Ltd. for \$nil (2013 - \$15,929) of costs paid on behalf of the Partnership.

Also see notes 1 and 7.

Balances and transactions with related parties have been recorded at the exchange amount. Amounts due from/to related parties are unsecured, due on demand and do not bear interest.